# **Open TURNS Demonstration Software**

**CEA-EDF-INRIA** Summer school

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# **Summary**

Presentation of Open TURNS (~25 min.)

Presentation of the study case (~5 min.)

Exercises (~2h)

Questions and discussion

Demonstration of additional functions (wrapper, GUI, website...)







# **Open TURNS : a software tool adapted to the industrial practice methodology**

- TURNS : Treatments of uncertainties, risk'n statistics
- Open : Open source software (LGPL license)



- Environment : Linux, Windows
  - Languages : C++ (libraries), Python (command scripts)
  - « Eficas » GUI helping the redaction of command scripts

Partnership EDF-EADS-Phimeca since 2005

- Transparency : to be understood and challenged by outside authorities and experts
- ✓ Genericity : to allow a consistent treatment of multi-physical problems
- Calculation performance : number of simulations generated by uncertainty treatment







#### Step A : Problem specification

- Model (under Linux or Windows)
- Enables to evaluate its grandient or not
- Criteria :
  - Min / Max,
  - Central Dispersion,
  - Probability to exceed a threshold
- The model G can be :
  - An analytical function (Python, see exercise)
  - An external code (see wrapper demonstration)

#### Step B : Quantification of uncertainty

#### Available data ?

- ✓ Parametric fitting : Maximum Likelihood and Moments based fitting methods, ...
- Non parametric fitting : Kernel smoothing
- ✓ Construction (nD), Empirical CDF, Empirical Copula...
- ✓ Tests validation : Kolmogorov, Anderson-Darling, Cramer, ...
- ✓ Graphics validation : QQ-Plot, Kendall plot, Henri line, ...

#### No data?

- ✓ Usual nD distributions : more than 40!
- ✓ Dependence modelisation based on copula : Independent, Frank, Normal, Gumbel, Sklar Copula
- ✓ Different ways to build a distribution :
  - (Marginals, Copula) : F(x1, ..., xn) = C(F1(x1), ..., Fn (xn))
  - Linear combination of pdf
  - Linear combination of variables



#### Step C : Propagation of uncertainty sources

- Simulation Methods : MC, LHS, Importance Sampling, Directional Sampling, ...
- FORM / SORM methods with the Generalized Nataf transformation (any elliptical copula) or the Rosenblatt transformation
- Taylor decomposition of variance
- Experiment planes (composite, factorial, axial, ...)

#### Meta-models

- Polynomials, Projection on any function basis (least squares)
- Functional Chaos Expansion with advanced functionalities based on the LAR method



Step C': Sensitivity analysis, hierarchisation of uncertainty sources

- Importance and Sensitivity Factors
- Sobol Indices
- Statistical coefficients : Pearson, Spearman, SRC, SRRC, PCC, PRCC
- Regression analysis

Open TURNS integrates recent research results, such as :

■ Functional Chaos Expansion with advanced functionalities based on the LAR method (G. Blatman) → will be in the 0.15.0 release (summer 2011)

Accelerated simulation algorithm for low probability estimation, M. Munoz-Zuniga (soon)

More details and precise references in the « Reference Guide » of Open TURNS documentation



# **Open TURNS : pictures**





# **Open TURNS : pictures**





# **Open TURNS : pictures**





### **Open TURNS : software, doc and Users**

What is Open TURNS? ...

- ✓ A C ++ library with high level calculation operators
- ✓ An application with a GUI
- A Python module

And a documentation :

- ✓ scientific : Reference Guide,
- ✓ User : Use Cases Guide, User Manual, Examples Guide
- ✓ technical : Architecture Guide, Wrapper Guide, Contribution Guide, Windows port doc.

... and a users communauty :

- ✓ Openturns.org : official website
- ✓ « share » part : users have a « blog »

Annual Users Day (Users #4 : 7th Juny 2011, ~50 pers., 13 industries, 3 research labs)



# **Open TURNS : Website**

#### www.openturns.org





### **Open TURNS : contributions**



#### **Open TURNS : contribution as a module**

#### Module mechanism of Open TURNS

- ✓ An easy way to develop for Open TURNS
- ✓ Development cycle faster (compilation, tests, etc.)
- ✓ For the new functionalities
- > Examples of 2 modules producted since 2009 :
  - ✓ Module OT-Agrum : link with the open source library aGrUM
    - allows to model and simulate graphical models (including Bayesian networks)
    - developed by the computer science laboratory of Paris 6 : LIP6
    - Realised in collaboration with Pierre-Henri Wuillemin
  - ✓ Module OT-MixMod : link with the open source library MixMod
    - allows to reconstruct a Gaussian or multinomial mixture on a multi-variate sample for discriminant analysis and classification
    - developed by Université de Franche Comté
    - realised by Nolwenn Balin (EADS IW)



### **Prospects (for the longer term)**

Stochastic processes : development begins in September 2011

The objective is to provide some modelisation, estimation and propagation functionalities in OpenTURNS, when input variables are described as stochastic processes or fields.
 Could be scalar or vectorial field.

#### Bayesian approach

- Modelisation of the joint distribution by conditioning
- Bayesian regularization of prior distribution by data assimilation



### Some news of the 0.14.0 release

Technological uploads :

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	$\checkmark$	<ul> <li>✓ Generical wrapping mechanism</li> </ul>				
	$\checkmark$	✓ High Performance Computing				
	$\checkmark$					
$\succ$	Scientific uploads :					
	$\checkmark$	New distributions :				
		<ul> <li>1 D continues: ArcSine, ArcSineFactory, Burr, BurrFactory, Chi, ChiFactory, FisherSnedecor, InverseNormal, InverseNormalFactory, NonCentralChiSquare, Rice, Trapezoidal, TrapezoidalFactory</li> </ul>				
		• 1 D discrètes: Bernoulli, BernoulliFactory, Binomial, BinomialFactory, ZipfMandelbrot				
		<ul> <li>N D continues: Dirichlet, DirichletFactory</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>• N D discrètes: Multinomial, MultinomialFactory</li> </ul>				
	✓	New graphs:				
		✓ Pairs for the 2D pairs of an nD sample				
		<ul> <li>✓ CobWeb plot</li> </ul>				
		✓ Kendall plot (graphical validation test for copulas)				
		✓				
	$\checkmark$	New low discrepancy sequences :				
		✓ InverseHaltonSequence				
		<ul> <li>✓ FaureSequence</li> </ul>				
	$\checkmark$	Chaos expansion for vector-valued model response				
	$\checkmark$					



#### Presentation of the study case : Elastic three-bar truss



$$\delta_{v} = \left[ \frac{\alpha_{v}^{2}}{E_{1}S_{1}\cos(\alpha_{1})} + \frac{\alpha_{v}^{2}\sin^{2}(\alpha_{1})}{E_{2}S_{2}\cos(\alpha_{2})\sin^{2}(\alpha_{2})} + \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\sin(\alpha_{1} + \alpha_{2})}{\sin(\alpha_{2})}\right)^{2}}{E_{3}S_{3}} \right] P_{v} L$$
  
$$\delta_{h} = \left[ \frac{\alpha_{v}^{2}}{E_{1}S_{1}\cos(\alpha_{1})} + \frac{\left(\alpha_{h}\frac{\sin(\alpha_{1})}{\sin(\alpha_{2})}\right)^{2}}{E_{2}S_{2}\cos(\alpha_{2})} + \frac{\left(\alpha_{h}\frac{\sin(\alpha_{1} + \alpha_{2})}{\sin(\alpha_{2})} - \frac{\cos(\alpha_{2})}{\sin(\alpha_{2})}\right)^{2}}{E_{3}S_{3}} \right] P_{h} L$$

$$\delta = \sqrt{\delta_h^2 + \delta_v^2}$$

Variable	Distribution	Mean	Coef. of variation
$E_i$	Lognormal	210 GPa	10%
$S_i$	Normal	$1.5 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2$	5%
P	Gumbel	$2.5 \cdot 10^5$ N	20%
$\alpha_{j}$	Normal	$45^{\circ}$	3%
$\hat{\theta}$	Normal	$45^{\circ}$	3%



## Presentation of the study case (0.13.2 release)

#### 6 Python files :

- StepA.py : implementation of the physical problem as a Python function
- StepB\_fromData.py : let's consider we have data for the « P » variable and let's try to adjust some distributions, then choose the « best » one
- StepB.py : we define the probabilistic model
- StepC\_CentralTendancy.py : Quadratic Cumul and Kernel Smoothing
- StepC\_FORM.py : threshold exceedance estimation using FORM
- StepC\_MonteCarlo.py : threshold exceedance estimation using MonteCarlo

#### Follow the documentation. No need to know Python!

- ExampleGuide
- UseCasesGuide
- UserManualTUI
- ReferenceGuide



#### To start

source export/opt/env.sh » in the console

Copy the files in your repertory to have the rights

To run a file : « python myfile.py »